UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-K/A (Amendment No. 1)

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Commission file number: 000-27305

TELKONET, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Utah		87-0627421
(State or other jurisdiction of incorpora	ntion or organization)	(IRS Employee Identification No.)
	20374 Seneca Meadows	s Parkway
	Germantown, MD 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(Address of principal execu	
	(Address of principal exect	dive offices)
	(240) 912-1800	0
	(Issuer's telephone nu	umber)
		,
Securities Registered pursuant to section	12(g) of the Act: None	
ndicate by check mark if the registrant is _Yes <u>X</u> No	a well-know seasoned issuer, as de	fined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
ndicate by check mark if the registrant is Yes X No	not required to file reports pursuant	t to Section 13 or Section 15(b) of the Act.
•	ng 12 months (or for such shorter p	uired to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and
	wledge, in definitive proxy or infor	n S-K is not contained in this form, and no disclosure will be rmation statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this
ndicate by check mark whether the regist of "accelerated filer and large accelerated		accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See the definition ge Act.
Large Accelerated Filer	X Accelerated Filer	Non-Accelerated Filer
ndicate by check mark whether the regist Yes \underline{X} No	rant is a shell company (as defined	in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of March 1 2006: \$155,184,856 Number of outstanding shares of the registrant's par value \$0.001 common stock as of March 1, 2006: 46,316,539.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Telkonet, Inc. (the "Company") is filing this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A (this "Amendment") to its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, which was originally filed on March 16, 2006 (the "Original Filing"), to amend and restate in its entirety Part II, Item 9A—Controls and Procedures, to include management's report on internal control over financial reporting, which was inadvertently omitted from the Original Filing. The Report from the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, which has not been amended, is included as originally filed.

This Amendment amends and restates in its entirety only the Part II, Item 9A—Controls and Procedures. This Amendment does not affect any other parts of, or exhibits to, the Original Filing, and those unaffected parts or exhibits are not included in this Amendment.

This Amendment continues to speak as of the date of the Original Filing and the Company has not updated the disclosure contained herein to reflect events that have occurred since the filing of the Original Filing. Accordingly, this Amendment should be read in conjunction with the Company's other filings, if any, made with the Securities and Exchange Commission subsequent to the filing of the Original Filing, including any amendments to those filings, if any.

PART II

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")). Disclosure controls and procedures are the controls and other procedures that we designed to ensure that we record, process, summarize and report in a timely manner the information we must disclose in reports that we file with or submit to the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. During the fourth quarter of 2005, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Management Report On Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by our board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets:
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in
 accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that our receipts and
 expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors; and
- provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, we assessed, as of December 31, 2005, the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. This assessment was based on criteria established in the framework in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on our assessment, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2005.

Our assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005 has been audited by Russell Bedford Stefanou Mirchandani LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K/A.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d)of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this amended report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TELKONET, INC.

By: /s/ E. Barry Smith

E. Barry Smith Chief Financial Officer

Date: March 29, 2006

RUSSELL BEDFORD STEFANOU MIRCHANDANI LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors Telkonet, Inc. Germantown, MD

We have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, that Telkonet, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary (the Company) maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, based on criteria established in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that Telkonet, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Also, in our opinion, Telkonet, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 20005, based on criteria established *in Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Telkonet, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related consolidated statements of losses, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the three-years ended December 31, 2005, and our report dated February 2, 2006 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements,

/s/ RUSSELL BEDFORD STEFANOU MIRCHANDANI LLP

Russell Bedford Stefanou Mirchandani LLP Certified Public Accountants

McLean, Virginia February 2, 2006